
INVERTEBRATE SURVEY OF CRANE PARK NORTH, MIDDLESEX

2025

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Invertebrate surveys were conducted at Crane Park in Middlesex were carried out in 2025 on the following dates :- 22nd April, 9th May, 2nd July and 23rd September.

In all 281 species were recorded in 2025. Full species list is given in appendix 1. Of these 14 had conservation statuses as follows: -

Species	Family	Order	Conservation status
<i>Ero aphana</i>	Mimetidae	Araneae	NS
<i>Ballus chalybeius</i>	Salticidae	Araneae	NS
<i>Salticus zebraneus</i>	Salticidae	Araneae	NS
<i>Platyrhinus resinosus</i>	Anthribidae	Coleoptera	[Nb]
<i>Diplocoelus fagi</i>	Biphyllidae	Coleoptera	Nb
<i>Opilo mollis</i>	Cleridae	Coleoptera	NS
<i>Kissophagus vicinus</i>	Curculionidae	Coleoptera	Nb
<i>Ampedus rufipennis</i>	Elateridae	Coleoptera	RDB 2; Section 41 Priority Species
<i>Enicmus brevicornis</i>	Latridiidae	Coleoptera	Notable
<i>Dasytes plumbeus</i>	Melyridae	Coleoptera	NS
<i>Pseudotriphyllus suturalis</i>	Mycetophagidae	Coleoptera	NS; NT (European); NT (Global)
<i>Gyrophana manca</i>	Staphylinidae	Coleoptera	Notable
<i>Raglius alboacuminatus</i>	Lygaeidae	Hemiptera	Nb
<i>Lasius brunneus</i>	Formicidae	Hymenoptera	[Na]

INTRODUCTION

The author was commissioned to carry out baseline invertebrate surveys of **Crane Park, Twickenham** in Middlesex.

SITE VISITS

The sites were sampled on the following occasions; - 22nd April, 9th May, 2nd July and 23rd September.

METHODOLOGY

Standard field techniques were employed to sample the invertebrate fauna throughout the wood. These included sweeping vegetation with a wide mouthed sweep net, beating trees and bushes over a beating tray, and grubbing amongst tussocks and key host plant rosettes etc.

Because it is impracticable to survey all the potential invertebrates within any given site, only specific groups of species were examined during fieldwork. These groups are sufficiently well known as to allow meaningful comparisons to be made with other sites, both locally and nationally. They are also important as indicators of the quality of a site and the habitats present (see Brooks 1993).

Groups covered during the survey were:

- Mollusca (slugs and snails)
- Arachnida (spiders, harvestmen & pseudoscorpions)
- Isopoda (woodlice)
- Ephemeroptera (mayflies)
- Odonata (dragonflies & damselflies)
- Plecoptera (stoneflies)
- Orthoptera (grasshoppers & crickets)
- Dictyoptera (cockroaches)
- Dermaptera (earwigs)
- Hemiptera-Heteroptera (true-bugs)
- Hemiptera-Homoptera (hoppers)
- Neuroptera (lace-wings)
- Mecoptera (scorpion-flies)
- Lepidoptera (butterflies & moths)
- Trichoptera (caddis flies)

- Diptera (true flies)
- Aculeate Hymenoptera (ants, bees & wasps)
- Coleoptera (beetles)

RESULTS

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<i>Ero aphana</i>	Mimetidae	Araneae	NS
<i>Ballus chalybeius</i>	Salticidae	Araneae	NS
<i>Salticus zebraneus</i>	Salticidae	Araneae	NS
<i>Platyrhinus resinosus</i>	Anthribidae	Coleoptera	[Nb]
<i>Diplocoelus fagi</i>	Biphyllidae	Coleoptera	Nb
<i>Opilo mollis</i>	Cleridae	Coleoptera	NS
<i>Kissophagus vicinus</i>	Curculionidae	Coleoptera	Nb
<i>Ampedus rufipennis</i>	Elateridae	Coleoptera	RDB 2; Section 41 Priority Species
<i>Enicmus brevicornis</i>	Latridiidae	Coleoptera	Notable
<i>Dasytes plumbeus</i>	Melyridae	Coleoptera	NS
<i>Pseudotriphyllus suturalis</i>	Mycetophagidae	Coleoptera	NS; NT (European); NT (Global)
<i>Gyrophana manca</i>	Staphylinidae	Coleoptera	Notable
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<i>Lasius brunneus</i>	Formicidae	Hymenoptera	[Na]

The saproxylic fauna included nationally scarce beetles with *Ampedus rufipennis* the standout (a red click beetle which is listed in the BAP series (though it seems to be spreading in recent years) *Kissophagus vicinus* develops in dead ivy, *Opilo mollis* is predatory on woodworms *Anobium* spp. *Gyrophana manca* is a scarce rove beetle associated with bracket fungi and was found on Dryad's saddle in May.

The rove beetle *Thinodromus arcuatus* is only the second county record for a species mainly associated with stream edges but which was found recently on edge of Broadwater lake in the Colne Valley (Denton, 2023)

The assemblage included several recent arrivals in Greater London including the spiders *Philodromus buxi* and *P. rufus* which are spreading rapidly.

Ero aphana should be demoted as it has already very widespread.

HABITAT ASSESSMENT

USING PANTHEON AND ISIS TO MEASURE SITE QUALITY

Explanation of the underlying invertebrate assemblage framework.

PANTHEON is a computer spreadsheet application for recognising invertebrate assemblage types in species lists collected at scales ranging from management compartment to landscape character area. This has been developed into an online programme called Pantheon. The assemblage types are labelled in terms that relate to their favoured habitats in order to make them accessible to non-specialists. However, they are defined by lists of characteristic species that are generally found together in nature. Two levels are recognised in the classification. Broad assemblage types (BATs) are a comprehensive series of assemblage types that are characterised by more widespread species. They can be expressed in lists from a wide range of sites. Specific assemblage types (SATs) are characterised by ecologically restricted species and are generally only expressed in lists from sites with conservation value. Since 2008 there has also been a third category of assemblage types that cut across this classification. They are mainly defined by lists of species dependent on a particular environmental resource, such as flowers as a source of pollen and nectar. The assemblage type classification is given below. Textual descriptions of each assemblage type and its habitats have been prepared for incorporation into a web-based database.

Two SATs were in favourable condition bark and sapwood decay and heartwood decay (see table 1). Reflecting the abundance of dead fallen and standing timber.

Table 1. SAT scores generated for Crane Park in 2025

Code	SAT	No. of species	Reported condition
A212	bark & sapwood decay	26	Favourable (26 species, 19 required)
A211	heartwood decay	9	Favourable (9 species, 6 required)
F002	rich flower resource	8	Unfavourable (8 species, 15 required)
A213	fungal fruiting bodies	6	Unfavourable (6 species, 7 required)
F001	scrub edge	5	Unfavourable (5 species, 11 required)
F003	scrub-heath & moorland	2	Unfavourable (2 species, 9 required)
F112	open short sward	2	Unfavourable (2 species, 13 required)

LIMITATIONS OF SURVEY

Clearly, diurnal surveys will miss the vast majority of night flying species (moths, many Ichneumons etc.).

REFERENCES

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Brooks, S.J. 1993. Joint Committee for the Conservation of British Invertebrates: Guidelines for Invertebrate Surveys. *British Wildlife* 4(5) 283-287

Denton, J. (2023) *Thinodromus arcuatus* (Stephens) (Col., Staphylinidae) in Middlesex *British Journal of Entomology & Natural History* **36**, 112.

Webb, J., Heaver, D., Lott, D., Dean, H.J., van Breda, J., Curson, J., Harvey, M.C., Gurney, M., Roy, D.B., van Breda, A., Drake, M., Alexander, K.N.A. and Foster, G. (2018). *Pantheon - database version 3.7.6*

APPENDIX 1. SPECIES RECORDED IN 2025

Species	Family	Order	Conservation status
<i>Amaurobius fenestralis</i>	Amaurobiidae	Araneae	common
<i>Anyphaena numida</i>	Anyphaenidae	Araneae	local
<i>Anyphaena sabina</i>	Anyphaenidae	Araneae	local
<i>Araneus diadematus</i>	Araneidae	Araneae	common
<i>Nuctenea umbratica</i>	Araneidae	Araneae	common
<i>Clubiona brevipes</i>	Clubionidae	Araneae	common
<i>Clubiona phragmitis</i>	Clubionidae	Araneae	common
<i>Harpactea hombergi</i>	Dysderidae	Araneae	common
<i>Ero aphana</i>	Mimetidae	Araneae	NS
<i>Philodromus buxi</i>	Philodromidae	Araneae	local
<i>Philodromus cespitum</i>	Philodromidae	Araneae	common
<i>Philodromus rufus sens. str.</i>	Philodromidae	Araneae	local
<i>Ballus chalybeius</i>	Salticidae	Araneae	NS
<i>Salticus zebraneus</i>	Salticidae	Araneae	NS
<i>Metellina merianae</i>	Tetragnathidae	Araneae	common
<i>Metellina segmentata</i>	Tetragnathidae	Araneae	common
<i>Paidiscura pallens</i>	Theridiidae	Araneae	common
<i>Platnickina tinctoria</i>	Theridiidae	Araneae	common
<i>Diaea dorsata</i>	Thomisidae	Araneae	common
<i>Ozyptila praticola</i>	Thomisidae	Araneae	common
<i>Platyrhinus resinosus</i>	Anthribidae	Coleoptera	[Nb]
<i>Biphyllus lunatus</i>	Biphyllidae	Coleoptera	local
<i>Diplocoelus fagi</i>	Biphyllidae	Coleoptera	Nb
<i>Agrilus sinuatus</i>	Buprestidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Cantharis rustica</i>	Cantharidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Bembidion articulatum</i>	Carabidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Bembidion biguttatum</i>	Carabidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Bembidion dentellum</i>	Carabidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Bembidion tetracolum</i>	Carabidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Calodromius spilotus</i>	Carabidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Paradromius linearis</i>	Carabidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Paranchus albipes</i>	Carabidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Grammoptera ruficornis</i>	Cerambycidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Agelastica alni</i>	Chrysomelidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Altica lythri</i>	Chrysomelidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Cassida viridis</i>	Chrysomelidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Donacia simplex</i>	Chrysomelidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Gastrophysa viridula</i>	Chrysomelidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Lilioceris lili</i>	Chrysomelidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Lochmaea caprea</i>	Chrysomelidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Clambus simsoni</i>	Clambidae	Coleoptera	local
<i>Opilo mollis</i>	Cleridae	Coleoptera	NS

<i>Adalia decempunctata</i>	Coccinellidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Coccinella septempunctata</i>	Coccinellidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Exochomus quadripustulatus</i>	Coccinellidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Halyzia sedecimguttata</i>	Coccinellidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Harmonia axyridis</i>	Coccinellidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Nephus quadrimaculatus</i>	Coccinellidae	Coleoptera	local
<i>Propylea quattuordecimpunctata</i>	Coccinellidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Rhyzobius chrysomeloides</i>	Coccinellidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Acalles misellus</i>	Curculionidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Anthonomus rubi</i>	Curculionidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Curculio glandium</i>	Curculionidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Hylesinus crenatus</i>	Curculionidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Hylesinus varius</i>	Curculionidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Kissophagus vicinus</i>	Curculionidae	Coleoptera	Nb
<i>Phyllobius pyri</i>	Curculionidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Scolytus multistriatus</i>	Curculionidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Trichosirocalus troglodytes</i>	Curculionidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Ampedus rufipennis</i>	Elateridae	Coleoptera	RDB 2; Section 41 Priority Species
<i>Notaris acridulus</i>	Eirrhinidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Dacne bipustulata</i>	Erotylidae	Coleoptera	local
<i>Enicmus brevicornis</i>	Latridiidae	Coleoptera	Notable
<i>Dorcus parallelipipedus</i>	Lucanidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Malachius bipustulatus</i>	Malachiidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Dasytes plumbeus</i>	Melyridae	Coleoptera	NS
<i>Mycetophagus quadripustulatus</i>	Mycetophagidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Pseudotriphyllus suturalis</i>	Mycetophagidae	Coleoptera	NS; NT (European)
<i>Epuraea aestiva</i>	Nitidulidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Meligethes aeneus</i>	Nitidulidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Ischnomera cyanea</i>	Oedemeridae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Oedemera lurida</i>	Oedemeridae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Oedemera nobilis</i>	Oedemeridae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Anobium inexpectatum</i>	Ptinidae	Coleoptera	local
<i>Ochina ptinoides</i>	Ptinidae	Coleoptera	local
<i>Ptilinus pectinicornis</i>	Ptinidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Pyrochroa coccinea</i>	Pyrochroidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Pyrochroa serraticornis</i>	Pyrochroidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Salpingus planirostris</i>	Salpingidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Anaspis fasciata</i>	Scraptiidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Anaspis maculata</i>	Scraptiidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Anaspis regimbarti</i>	Scraptiidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Psammoecus bipunctatus</i>	Silvanidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Atheta graminicola</i>	Staphylinidae	Coleoptera	common

<i>Atheta laticollis</i>	Staphylinidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Atheta xanthopus</i>	Staphylinidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Bisnius fimetarius</i>	Staphylinidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Gyrophæna manca</i>	Staphylinidae	Coleoptera	Notable
<i>Hygronoma dimidiata</i>	Staphylinidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Lesteva sícula</i>	Staphylinidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Lithocharis ochracea</i>	Staphylinidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Megarthus depressus</i>	Staphylinidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Myrmecocephalus concinnus</i>	Staphylinidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Philonthus politus</i>	Staphylinidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Proteinus brachypterus</i>	Staphylinidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Quedius cinctus</i>	Staphylinidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Sepedophilus lusitanicus</i>	Staphylinidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Stenus boops</i>	Staphylinidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Stenus cicindeloides</i>	Staphylinidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Stenus junó</i>	Staphylinidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Stenus picipes</i>	Staphylinidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Tachyporus hypnorum</i>	Staphylinidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Thinodromus arcuatus</i>	Staphylinidae	Coleoptera	local
<i>Lagria hirta</i>	Tenebrionidae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Prionychus ater</i>	Tenebrionidae	Coleoptera	local
<i>Bitoma crenata</i>	Zopheridae	Coleoptera	common
<i>Synchita undata</i>	Zopheridae	Coleoptera	local
<i>Forficula auricularia</i>	Forficulidae	Dermaptera	
<i>Eustalomyia festiva</i>	Anthomyiidae	Diptera	common
<i>Dilophus febrilis</i>	Bibionidae	Diptera	common
<i>Bombylius major</i>	Bombyliidae	Diptera	common
<i>Calliphora vomitoria</i>	Calliphoridae	Diptera	common
<i>Lucilia sericata</i>	Calliphoridae	Diptera	common
<i>Macrodiplosis pustularis</i>	Cecidomyiidae	Diptera	common
<i>Macrodiplosis roboris</i>	Cecidomyiidae	Diptera	common
<i>Anepsiomyia flaviventris</i>	Dolichopodidae	Diptera	common
<i>Campsicnemus curvipes</i>	Dolichopodidae	Diptera	common
<i>Drosophila suzukii</i>	Drosophilidae	Diptera	common
<i>Empis livida</i>	Empididae	Diptera	common
<i>Empis tessellata</i>	Empididae	Diptera	common
<i>Neolimonia dumetorum</i>	Limoniidae	Diptera	common
<i>Neria cibaria</i>	Micropezidae	Diptera	common
<i>Graphomya maculata</i>	Muscidae	Diptera	common
<i>Opomyza germinationis</i>	Opomyzidae	Diptera	common
<i>Pollenia angustigena</i>	Polleniidae	Diptera	common
<i>Chrysopilus cristatus</i>	Rhagionidae	Diptera	common
<i>Scathophaga stercoraria</i>	Scathophagidae	Diptera	common
<i>Chloromyia formosa</i>	Stratiomyidae	Diptera	common
<i>Pachygaster atra</i>	Stratiomyidae	Diptera	common

<i>Brachyopa scutellaris</i>	Syrphidae	Diptera	local
<i>Criorhina berberina</i>	Syrphidae	Diptera	local
<i>Epistrophe eligans</i>	Syrphidae	Diptera	common
<i>Episyrphus balteatus</i>	Syrphidae	Diptera	common
<i>Eristalis arbustorum</i>	Syrphidae	Diptera	common
<i>Eristalis pertinax</i>	Syrphidae	Diptera	common
<i>Eristalis tenax</i>	Syrphidae	Diptera	common
<i>Eupeodes corollae</i>	Syrphidae	Diptera	common
<i>Helophilus pendulus</i>	Syrphidae	Diptera	common
<i>Merodon equestris</i>	Syrphidae	Diptera	common
<i>Myathropa florea</i>	Syrphidae	Diptera	common
<i>Platycheirus albimanus</i>	Syrphidae	Diptera	common
<i>Sphaerophoria scripta</i>	Syrphidae	Diptera	common
<i>Syritta pipiens</i>	Syrphidae	Diptera	common
<i>Syrphus ribesii</i>	Syrphidae	Diptera	common
<i>Syrphus vitripennis</i>	Syrphidae	Diptera	common
<i>Lydella stabulans</i>	Tachinidae	Diptera	common
<i>Tephritis neesii</i>	Tephritidae	Diptera	common
<i>Urophora cardui</i>	Tephritidae	Diptera	common
<i>Tipula oleracea</i>	Tipulidae	Diptera	common
<i>Tipula irrorata</i>	Tipulidae	Diptera	common
<i>Tomocerus minor</i>	Tomoceridae	Entomobryomorpha	common
<i>Tomocerus vulgaris</i>	Tomoceridae	Entomobryomorpha	common
<i>Acanthosoma haemorrhoidale</i>	Acanthosomatidae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Anthocoris confusus</i>	Anthocoridae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Anthocoris nemorum</i>	Anthocoridae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Pemphigus spyrothecae</i>	Aphididae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Tuberolachnus salignus</i>	Aphididae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Aphrophora alni</i>	Aphrophoridae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Philaenus spumarius</i>	Aphrophoridae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Edwardsiana candidula</i>	Cicadellidae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Empoasca vitis</i>	Cicadellidae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Euscelis incisus</i>	Cicadellidae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Ledra aurita</i>	Cicadellidae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Populicerus albicans</i>	Cicadellidae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Tremulicerus distinguendus</i>	Cicadellidae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Zonocyba bifasciata</i>	Cicadellidae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Coreus marginatus</i>	Coreidae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Hydrometra stagnorum</i>	Hydrometridae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Issus coleoptratus</i>	Issidae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Ischnodemus sabuleti</i>	Lygaeidae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Kleidocerys resedae</i>	Lygaeidae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Peritrechus geniculatus</i>	Lygaeidae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Raglius alboacuminatus</i>	Lygaeidae	Hemiptera	Nb
<i>Scolopostethus affinis</i>	Lygaeidae	Hemiptera	common

<i>Scolopostethus thomsoni</i>	Lygaeidae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Amblytylus nasutus</i>	Miridae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Campyloneura virgula</i>	Miridae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Closterotomus trivialis</i>	Miridae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Deraeocoris lutescens</i>	Miridae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Europiella artemisiae</i>	Miridae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Harpocera thoracica</i>	Miridae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Leptopterna dolabrata</i>	Miridae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Macrotylus horvathi</i>	Miridae	Hemiptera	local
<i>Megalocoleus molliculus</i>	Miridae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Pantilius tunicatus</i>	Miridae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Himacerus (Aptus) mirmicoides</i>	Nabidae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Eurydema (Eurydema) oleracea</i>	Pentatomidae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Pentatoma rufipes</i>	Pentatomidae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Podops inuncta</i>	Pentatomidae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Cacopsylla melanoneura</i>	Psyllidae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Stictopleurus abutilon</i>	Rhopalidae	Hemiptera	common
<i>Andrena dorsata</i>	Andrenidae	Hymenoptera	common
<i>Andrena haemorrhoa</i>	Andrenidae	Hymenoptera	common
<i>Anthophora plumipes</i>	Apidae	Hymenoptera	common
<i>Bombus hypnorum</i>	Apidae	Hymenoptera	common
<i>Bombus lapidarius</i>	Apidae	Hymenoptera	common
<i>Bombus pascuorum</i>	Apidae	Hymenoptera	common
<i>Bombus terrestris</i>	Apidae	Hymenoptera	common
<i>Nomada flava</i>	Apidae	Hymenoptera	common
<i>Bethylus fuscicornis</i>	Bethylidae	Hymenoptera	common
<i>Trichrysis cyanea</i>	Chrysididae	Hymenoptera	common
<i>Colletes hederæ</i>	Colletidae	Hymenoptera	common
<i>Ectemnius cavifrons</i>	Crabronidae	Hymenoptera	common
<i>Pemphredon lugubris</i>	Crabronidae	Hymenoptera	common
<i>Trypoxylon attenuatum</i>	Crabronidae	Hymenoptera	common
<i>Andricus kollari</i>	Cynipidae	Hymenoptera	common
<i>Andricus quercuscalicis</i>	Cynipidae	Hymenoptera	common
<i>Biorhiza pallida</i>	Cynipidae	Hymenoptera	common
<i>Neuroterus numismalis</i>	Cynipidae	Hymenoptera	common
<i>Neuroterus quercusbaccarum</i>	Cynipidae	Hymenoptera	common
<i>Lasius brunneus</i>	Formicidae	Hymenoptera	[Na]
<i>Lasius flavus</i>	Formicidae	Hymenoptera	common
<i>Lasius fuliginosus</i>	Formicidae	Hymenoptera	local
<i>Lasius platythorax</i>	Formicidae	Hymenoptera	common
<i>Myrmica rubra</i>	Formicidae	Hymenoptera	common
<i>Temnothorax nylanderii</i>	Formicidae	Hymenoptera	local
<i>Hoplocampa crataegi</i>	Tenthredinidae	Hymenoptera	common
<i>Hoplocampa pectoralis</i>	Tenthredinidae	Hymenoptera	common

Vespa crabro	Vespidae	Hymenoptera	local
Vespula germanica	Vespidae	Hymenoptera	common
Vespula vulgaris	Vespidae	Hymenoptera	common
Gelis areator	Geliidae	Hymenoptera	common
Armadillidium vulgare	Armadillidiidae	Isopoda	common
Asellus aquaticus	Asellidae	Isopoda	common
Oniscus asellus	Oniscidae	Isopoda	common
Philoscia muscorum	Philosciidae	Isopoda	common
Porcellio scaber	Porcellionidae	Isopoda	common
Tachypodoiulus niger	Julidae	Julida	common
Anania hortulata	Crambidae	Lepidoptera	common
Agonopterix alstromeriana	Depressariidae	Lepidoptera	common
Cameraria ohridella	Gracillariidae	Lepidoptera	common
Phyllocnistis unipunctella	Gracillariidae	Lepidoptera	common
Phyllocnistis xenia	Gracillariidae	Lepidoptera	local
Phyllonorycter comparella	Gracillariidae	Lepidoptera	common
Phyllonorycter corylifoliella	Gracillariidae	Lepidoptera	common
Phyllonorycter esperella	Gracillariidae	Lepidoptera	common
Phyllonorycter tenerella	Gracillariidae	Lepidoptera	common
Phyllonorycter viminiella	Gracillariidae	Lepidoptera	common
Incurvaria masculella	Incurvariidae	Lepidoptera	common
Celastrina argiolus	Lycaenidae	Lepidoptera	common
Stigmella assimilella	Nepticulidae	Lepidoptera	common
Stigmella confusella	Nepticulidae	Lepidoptera	common
Stigmella malella	Nepticulidae	Lepidoptera	common
Stigmella microtheriella	Nepticulidae	Lepidoptera	common
Stigmella salicis	Nepticulidae	Lepidoptera	common
Stigmella trimaculella	Nepticulidae	Lepidoptera	common
Nonagria typhae	Noctuidae	Lepidoptera	common
Aglais io	Nymphalidae	Lepidoptera	common
Pararge aegeria	Nymphalidae	Lepidoptera	common
Anthocharis cardamines	Pieridae	Lepidoptera	common
Gonepteryx rhamni	Pieridae	Lepidoptera	common
Pieris rapae	Pieridae	Lepidoptera	common
Gypsonoma dealbana	Tortricidae	Lepidoptera	common
Pammene regiana	Tortricidae	Lepidoptera	common
Lithobius forficatus	Lithobiidae	Lithobiomorpha	common
Sialis lutaria	Sialidae	Megaloptera	common
Calopteryx splendens	Calopterygidae	Odonata	common
Ischnura elegans	Coenagrionidae	Odonata	common
Pyrrhosoma nymphula	Coenagrionidae	Odonata	common
Nemastoma bimaculatum	Nemastomatidae	Opiliones	common
Elipsocus hyalinus	Elipsocidae	Psocodea	common
Ectopsocus briggsi sensu stricto	Ectopsocidae	Psocoptera	common
Ectopsocus petersi	Ectopsocidae	Psocoptera	common

Graphopsocus cruciatus	Stenopsocidae	Psocoptera	common
Deroceras reticulatum	Agriolimacidae	Pulmonata	common
Arion rufus	Arionidae	Pulmonata	common
Arion intermedius	Arionidae	Pulmonata	common
Arion subfuscus	Arionidae	Pulmonata	common
Cepaea hortensis	Helicidae	Pulmonata	common
Cepaea nemoralis	Helicidae	Pulmonata	common
Cornu aspersum	Helicidae	Pulmonata	common
Hygromia cinctella	Hygromiidae	Pulmonata	common
Monacha cantiana	Hygromiidae	Pulmonata	common
Limacus flavus	Limacidae	Pulmonata	common
Limax maximus	Limacidae	Pulmonata	common
Aegopinella nitidula	Oxychilidae	Pulmonata	common
Oxyloma elegans	Succineidae	Pulmonata	common
Mystacides longicornis	Leptoceridae	Trichoptera	common
Aceria campestricola	Eriophyidae	Trombidiformes	common
Aceria erinea	Eriophyidae	Trombidiformes	common
Eriophyes inangulis (galls)	Eriophyidae	Trombidiformes	common

APPENDIX 2. Status categories for Rare and Notable species

Red Data Book Category 1 (RDB 1) – Endangered

Definition.

Taxa in danger of extinction *in Great Britain* and whose survival is unlikely if the causal factors continue operating.

Included are those taxa whose numbers have been reduced to a critical level or whose habitats have been so dramatically reduced that they are deemed to be in immediate danger of extinction. Also included are *some* taxa that are *possibly* extinct.

Criteria.

Species which are known *or believed to occur* as only a single population within one 10 km square of the National Grid.

Species which only occur in habitats known to be especially vulnerable.

Species which have shown a rapid or continuous decline over the last twenty years and are now *estimated* to exist in five or fewer 10 km squares.

Species which are *possibly* extinct *but have been recorded this century* and if rediscovered would need protection.

Red Data Book Category 2 (RDB 2) - Vulnerable

Definition.

Taxa *believed* likely to move into the endangered category in the near future if the causal factors continue operating.

Included are taxa of which most or all of the populations are decreasing because of *over-exploitation*, extensive destruction of habitat or other environmental disturbance; taxa with populations that have been seriously depleted and whose ultimate security is not yet assured; and taxa with populations that are still abundant but are under threat from serious adverse factors throughout their range.

Criteria.

Species declining throughout their range.

Species in vulnerable habitats.

Red Data Book Category 3 (RDB 3) – Rare

Definition.

Taxa with small populations *in Great Britain* that are not at present endangered or vulnerable, but are at risk.

These taxa are usually localised within restricted geographical areas or habitats or are thinly scattered over a more extensive range.

Criterion.

Species which are estimated to exist in only fifteen or fewer 10 km squares. *This criterion may be relaxed where populations are likely to exist in over fifteen 10 km squares but occupy small areas of especially vulnerable habitat*

Nationally Scarce Category A - Notable A (Na)

Definition.

Taxa which do not fall within **RDB** categories but which are none-the-less uncommon in Great Britain and are thought to occur in 30 or fewer 10 km squares of the National Grid or, for less well recorded groups, within seven or fewer vice-counties.

Nationally Scarce Category B - Notable B (Nb)

Definition.

Taxa which do not fall within **RDB** categories but which are none-the-less uncommon in Great Britain and are thought to occur in between 31 and 100 10 km squares of the National Grid or, for less well recorded groups, within eight and twenty vice-counties.

Nationally Scarce - Notable (N)**Definition.**

Taxa which do not fall within **RDB** categories but which are none-the-less uncommon in Great Britain and are thought to occur in between 16 to 100 10 km squares of the National Grid. Species within this category are often too poorly known for their status to be more precisely estimated.

Summary of the IUCN categories and criteria.

- **REGIONALLY EXTINCT (RE)**

A taxon is Extinct when there is no reasonable doubt that the last individual has died. In this review the last date for a record is set at fifty years before publication.

- **CRITICALLY ENDANGERED (CR)**

A taxon is Critically Endangered when the best available evidence indicates that it meets any of the criteria A to E for Critically Endangered.

- **ENDANGERED (EN)**

A taxon is Endangered when the best available evidence indicates that it meets any of the criteria A to E for Endangered.

- **VULNERABLE (VU)**

A taxon is Vulnerable when the best available evidence indicates that it meets any of the criteria A to E for Vulnerable.

- **NEAR THREATENED (NT)**

A taxon is Near Threatened when it has been evaluated against the criteria but does not qualify for Critically Endangered, Endangered or Vulnerable now, but is close to qualifying for or is likely to qualify for a threatened category in the near future.

- **LEAST CONCERN (LC)**

A taxon is Least Concern when it has been evaluated against the criteria and does not qualify for Critically Endangered, Endangered, Vulnerable or Near Threatened. Widespread and abundant taxa are included in this category.

- **DATA DEFICIENT (DD)**

A taxon is Data Deficient when there is inadequate information to make a direct, or indirect, assessment of its risk of extinction based on its distribution and/or population status. A taxon in this category may be well studied, and its biology well

known, but appropriate data on abundance and/or distribution are lacking. Data Deficient is therefore not a category of threat. Listing of taxa in this category indicates that more information is required and acknowledges the possibility that future research will show that threatened classification is appropriate.

- **NOT EVALUATED (NE)**

A taxon is Not Evaluated when it has not yet been evaluated against the criteria.

GB Rarity Status categories and criteria

- **Nationally Rare (NR)**

Native species which have not been recorded from more than 15 British hectads since 31st December 1979 and where there is reasonable confidence that exhaustive recording would not find them in more than 15 hectads. This category includes species which are probably extinct.

- **Nationally Scarce (NS)**

Native species which are not regarded as Nationally Rare AND which have not been recorded from more than 100 British hectads since 31st December 1979 and where there is reasonable confidence that exhaustive recording would not find them in more than 100 hectads.

Other species status terminology.

- **Local.** Species that are restricted in distribution either geographically or by habitat. Also used for species that are widespread but infrequently encountered, e.g. encountered in no more than 300 10km squares of the national Ordnance Survey grid since 1970. Or those species listed as such, based upon modern geographical data, by ISIS (2010) and/or relevant recording schemes.
- **Widely Scattered.** Generally distributed but at low densities.
- **Southern.** Mainly or completely confined to southern England and/or its westerly or easterly regions – as indicated.
- **Common.** Generally widespread throughout the UK.
- **Unknown.** Usually indicates a lack of available data for difficult taxa but may also imply recent taxonomic confusion.